

Mardi 11 Juin 2024

Le Palais de la Bourse

Rémi Veillon – CHU Bordeaux

4^e Post-ASCO en Nouvelle Aquitaine : les scoops de l'ASCO 2024



Liens d'intérêts

- Participation à des **congrès** (ASCO, ESMO, WCLC) :
 - Pfizer, MSD, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Takeda, Regeneron, Janssen
- **Board local d'experts** ; animations ou interventions (réunions d'experts, post-congrès) :
 - Boehringer-Ingelheim, Roche, Astra-Zeneca, Bristol-Myers Squibb, MSD, Pfizer, Takeda, Sanofi, Janssen
- **Consultant**
 - MSD ; Janssen
- **Honoraires investigateurs** dans le cadre de recherche clinique
 - Roche, Astra-Zeneca, Takeda, Abbvie, Merck-Serono, Bristol-Myers Squibb, GSK, Novartis, Janssen, Gilead, Sanofi



Oncologie Thoracique

Programme

- Immunothérapie :
 - ADRIATIC : Durvalumab après Radio-chimiothérapie concomitante (CPC)
- Anticorps Conjugués (ADC)
 - Sacituzumab Govitecan ; Datopotamab deruxtecan, Sigvotatug Vedotin, Telisotuzumab Vedotin
- Addictions Oncogéniques
 - LAURA : Osimertinib après radiochimiothérapie concomitante (EGFR)
 - KRas : Adagrasib, Olomorasib, Divarasisib
 - Lorlatinib (ALK/ROS)
 - Vrac : ROS1, EGFR ex20, EGFR rares, HER2/NRG1

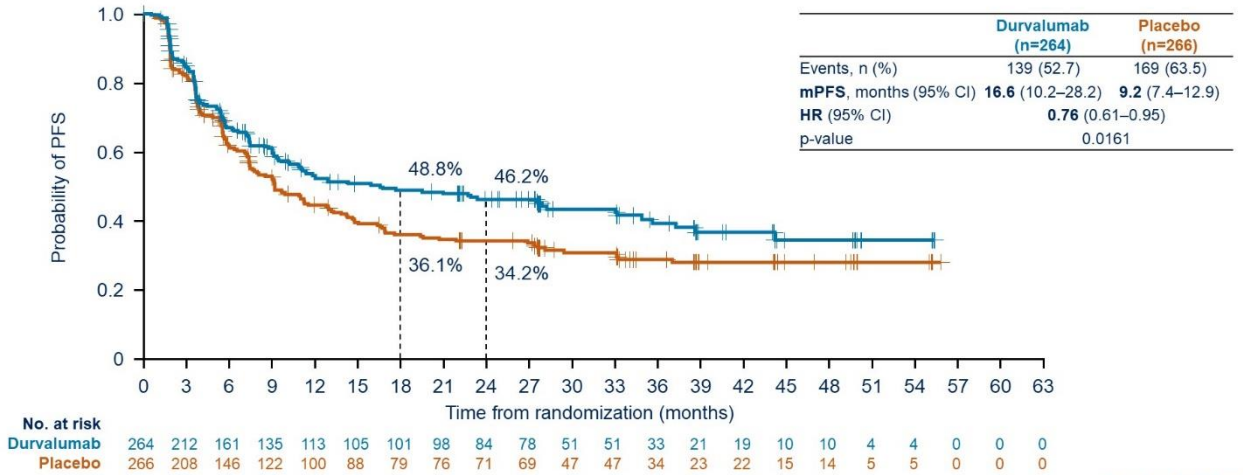


ADRIATIC

Carcinome à petites cellules : Durvalumab après radiochimiothérapie concomitante

Progression-free survival* (dual primary endpoint)

• Median duration of follow up in censored patients: 27.6 months (range 0.0–55.8)



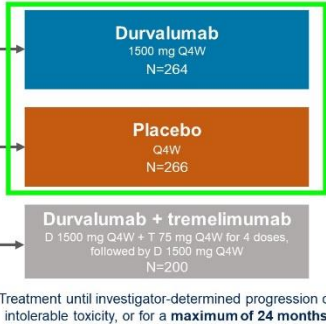
*By BICR per RECIST v1.1.

ADRIATIC study design

Phase 3, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, multicenter, international study (NCT03703297)

- Stage I–III LS-SCLC (stage I/II inoperable)
- WHO PS 0 or 1
- Had not progressed following cCRT*
- PCI* permitted before randomization

N=730
R†



- cCRT components**
- Four cycles of platinum and etoposide (three permitted[‡])
 - RT: 60–66 Gy QD over 6 weeks or 45 Gy BID over 3 weeks
 - RT must commence no later than end of cycle 2 of CT

Stratified by:
Disease stage (I/II vs III)
PCI (yes vs no)

- Dual primary endpoints:**
- Durvalumab vs placebo
 - OS
 - PFS (by BICR, per RECIST v1.1)
- Key secondary endpoints:**
- Durvalumab + tremelimumab vs placebo
 - OS
 - PFS (by BICR, per RECIST v1.1)
- Other secondary endpoints:**
- OS/PFS landmarks
 - Safety

*cCRT and PCI treatment, if received per local standard of care, must have been completed within 1–42 days prior to randomization.
†If disease control was achieved and no additional benefit was expected with an additional cycle of chemotherapy, in the opinion of the investigator, the first 600 patients were randomized in a 1:1:1 ratio to the 3 treatment arms; subsequent patients were randomized 1:1 to either durvalumab or placebo.

2024 ASCO ANNUAL MEETING #ASCO24

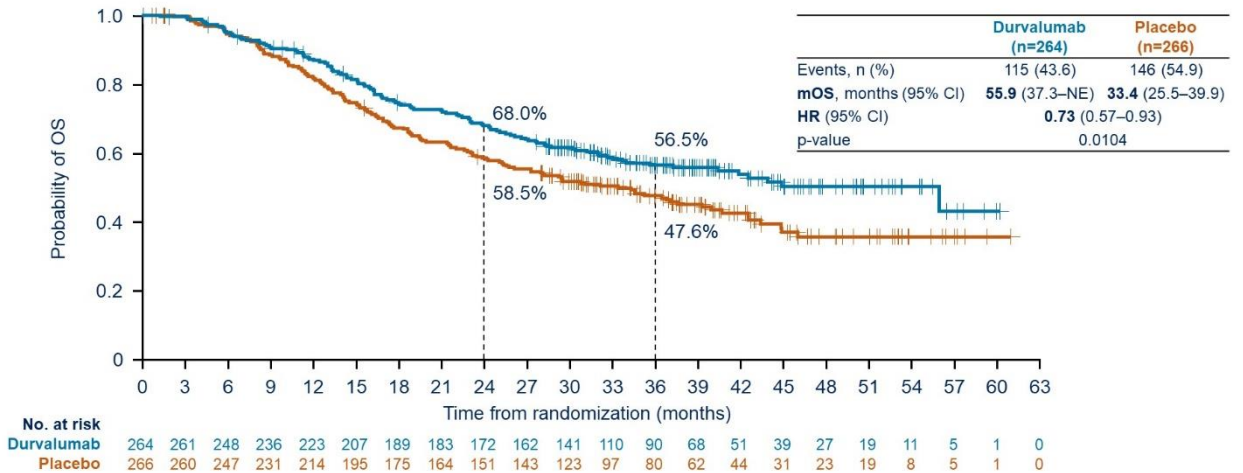
PRESENTED BY: Dr David R. Spigel
Prescription is property of the author and ASCO. Permission required for reuse; contact permission@asco.org.

BICR: blinded independent central review; BID, twice daily; CT, chemotherapy; D, durvalumab; PCI, prophylactic cranial irradiation; PS, performance status; QD, every 4 weeks; QW, once daily; RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors; RT, radiotherapy; T, tremelimumab; WHO, World Health Organization.

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY
KNOWLEDGE CONQUERS CANCER

Overall survival (dual primary endpoint)

• Median duration of follow up in censored patients: 37.2 months (range 0.1–60.9)



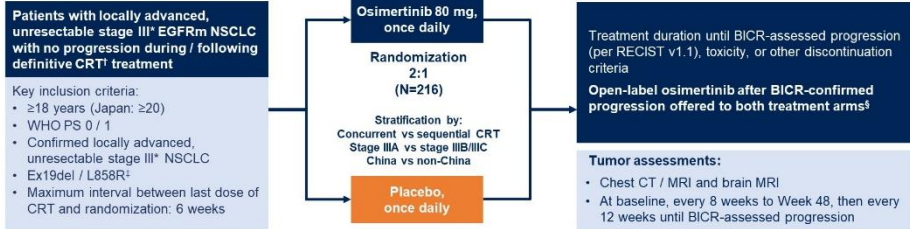
OS was analyzed using a stratified log-rank test adjusted for receipt of PCI (yes vs no). The significance level for testing OS at this interim



LAURA

CBNPC muté EGFR : Osimertinib après RCC

LAURA Phase 3 double-blind study design



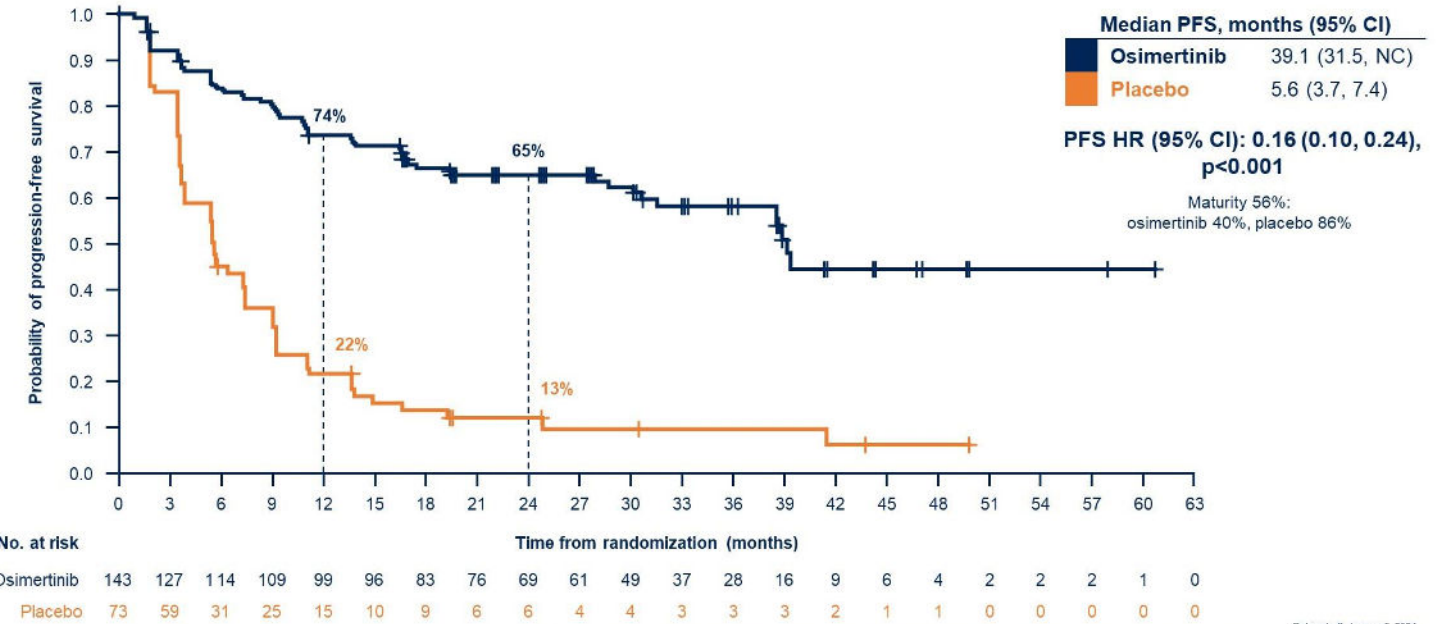
- Endpoints**
- **Primary endpoint:** PFS assessed by BICR per RECIST v1.1 (sensitivity analysis: PFS by investigator assessment)
 - **Secondary endpoints included:** OS, CNS PFS, safety

†Concurrent or sequential CRT comprising 2 cycles of platinum-based chemotherapy for 5 disease (weekly platinum-based chemotherapy) and 2 cycles of radiation (50 Gy in 10 fractions).
‡Center or FDA-approved local testing laboratory, or accredited local laboratory for sites outside of USA; baseline disease of baseline (initial benefit) is not applicable to the open-label osimertinib arm.

§According to ASCO NCCN staging (PFS assessment).
*Stage IIIA: N1-2, M0; Stage IIIB: N1-2, M0, M1a; Stage IIIC: N3, M0, M1a.

¶ASCO American Society of Clinical Oncology; BICR, blinded independent central review; CI, confidence interval; HR, hazard ratio; NC, not calculable; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors; v1.1, version 1.1 of the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors.

Progression-free survival by BICR



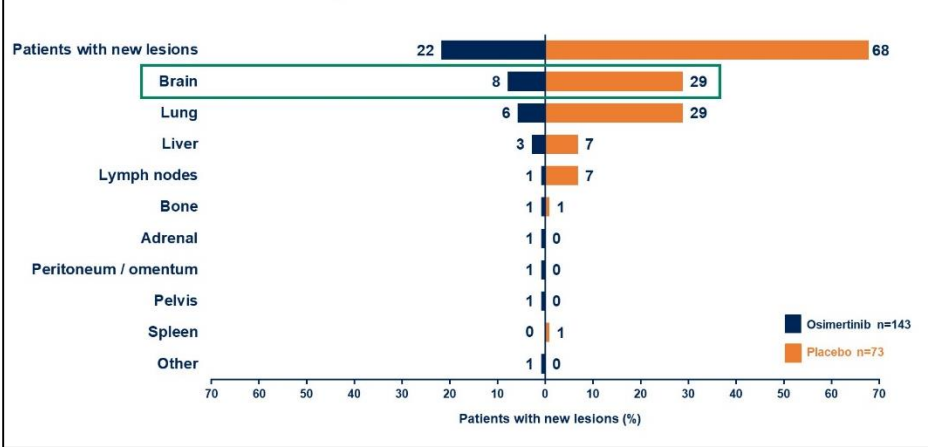
Tick marks indicate censored data. Median follow-up for PFS (all patients): osimertinib 22.0 months, placebo 5.8 months. Median follow-up for PFS (censored patients): osimertinib 27.7 months, placebo 19.5 months.



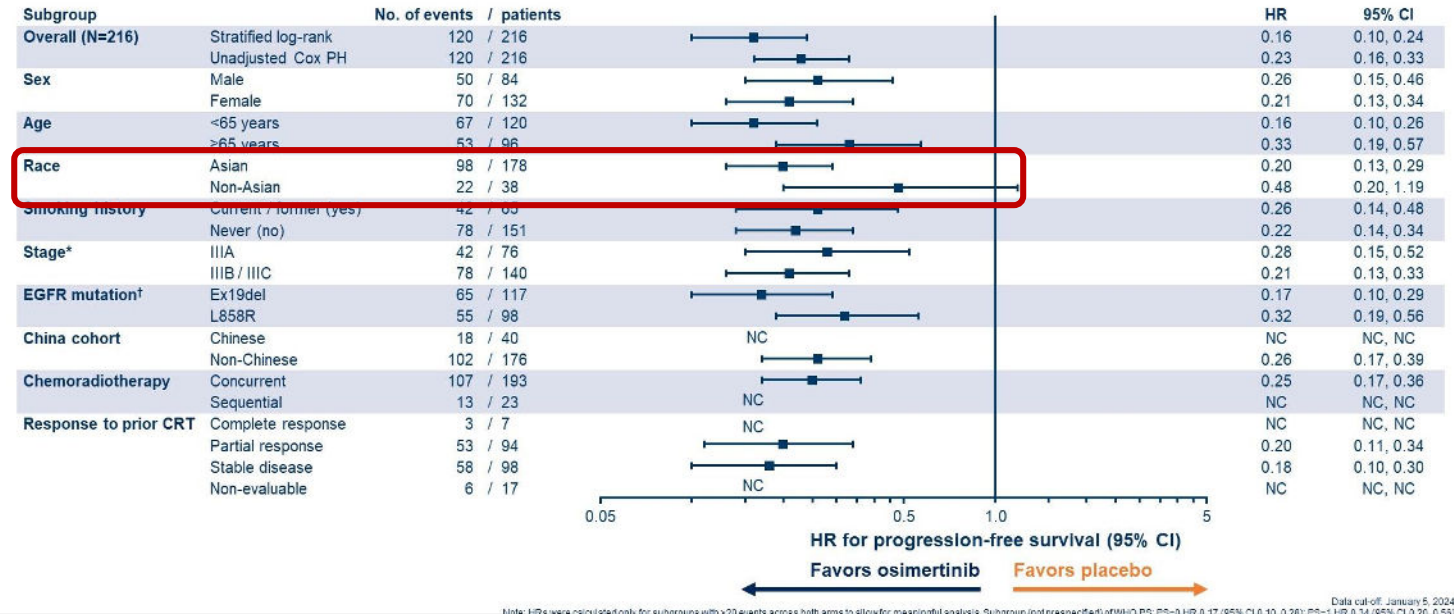
LAURA

Points forts / Points Faibles

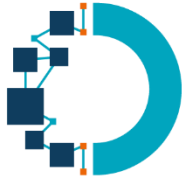
Sites of new lesions by BICR



Progression-free survival by BICR across subgroups



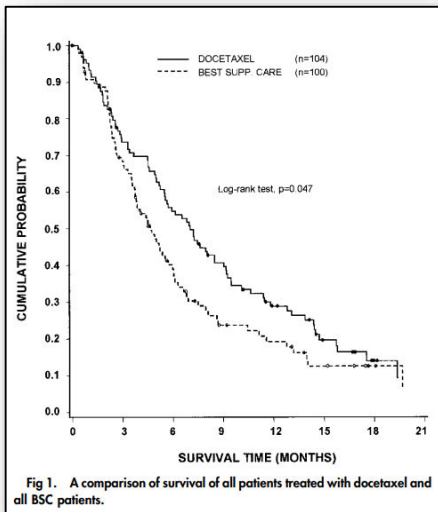
- Survie sans progression : HR 0,16 ; 39 mois vs 5,6 mois
- Efficacité au niveau cérébral
- Bras standard extrêmement faible (5,6 mois en post-RCC)
- Population : 80% asiatique, peu de données sur le bilan initial
- Durée de traitement : à vie !



Anticorps conjugués (ADC's)

2^e ligne, vs Docetaxel

- Survie sans progression médiane de 4 mois
- Survie globale de 10 mois
- Validé vs placebo
- A l'époque le JCO est en noir&blanc...

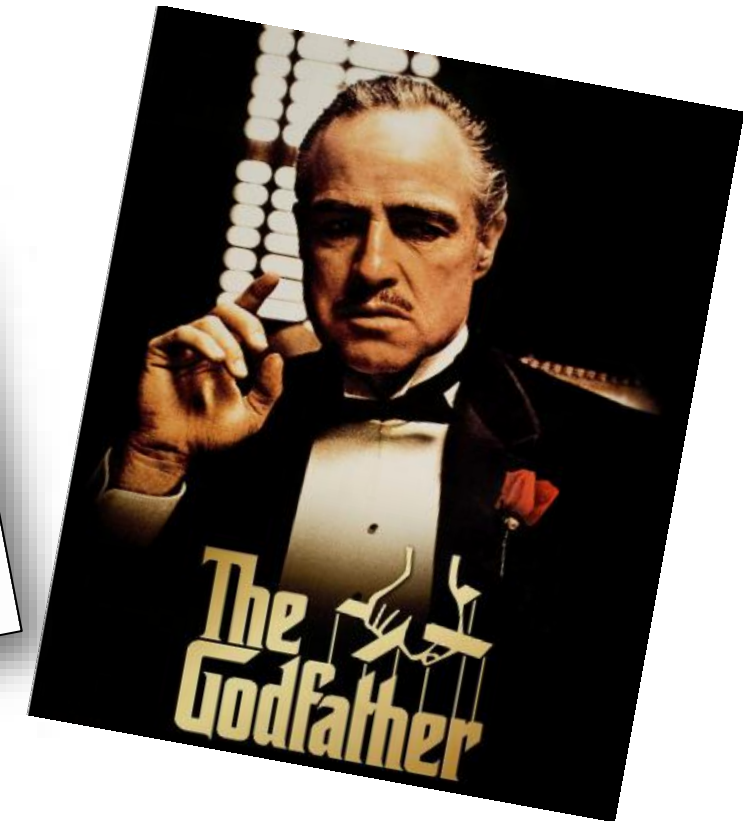


Communiqué de presse **sanofi**

Sanofi annonce la fin du programme évaluant le tusamitamab ravtansine après qu'un essai de phase III dans le traitement de 2^{ème} ligne du CBNPC n'a pas atteint son critère d'évaluation primaire

- L'essai CARMEN-LC03 n'a pas atteint son double critère d'évaluation primaire d'amélioration de la survie sans progression ; le programme de développement clinique du tusamitamab ravtansine va être arrêté.
- Sanofi renforce son engagement en faveur d'un programme de développement élargi en oncologie, portant sur les conjugués anticorps-médicament anti-CEACAM5 et prévoyant la conduite d'autres essais cliniques.

PARIS, le 21 décembre 2023. Sanofi met un terme au programme de développement clinique global du tusamitamab ravtansine. Cette décision se fonde sur les résultats d'une analyse intermédiaire pré-spécifiée des données de l'essai clinique de phase III docetaxel-LC03 comparant une monothérapie par tusamitamab ravtansine à un traitement par docetaxel chez des patients atteints d'un cancer bronchopulmonaire non à petites cellules (CBNPC) non épidermoïde, métastatique, traité antérieurement, dont les tumeurs expriment des concentrations élevées de la molécule d'adhésion cellulaire liée à l'antigène carcinoembryonnaire 5 (CEACAM5).



Press Releases

January 22, 2024

Gilead Provides Update on Phase 3 EVOKE-01 Study

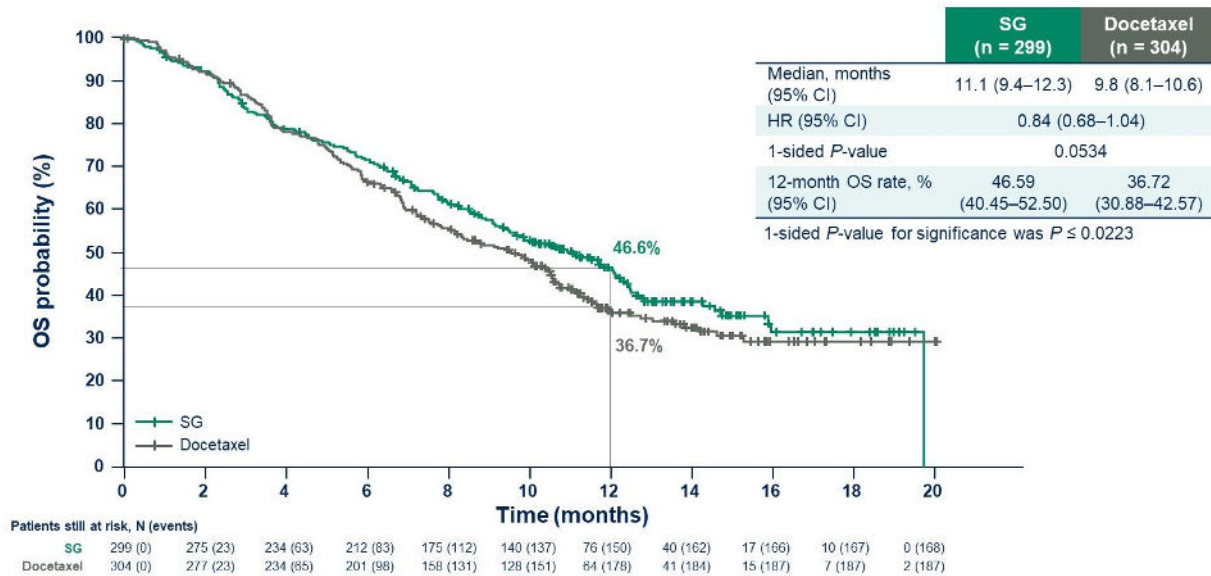
FOSTER CITY, Calif.-(BUSINESS WIRE)- Gilead Sciences, Inc. (Nasdaq: GILD) today announced that the Phase 3 EVOKE-01 study did not meet its primary endpoint of overall survival (OS) in previously treated metastatic non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC). EVOKE-01 is evaluating Trodelvy® (sacituzumab govitecan-hzly; SG) vs. docetaxel in patients with metastatic or advanced NSCLC that had progressed on or after platinum-based chemotherapy and checkpoint inhibitor therapy.



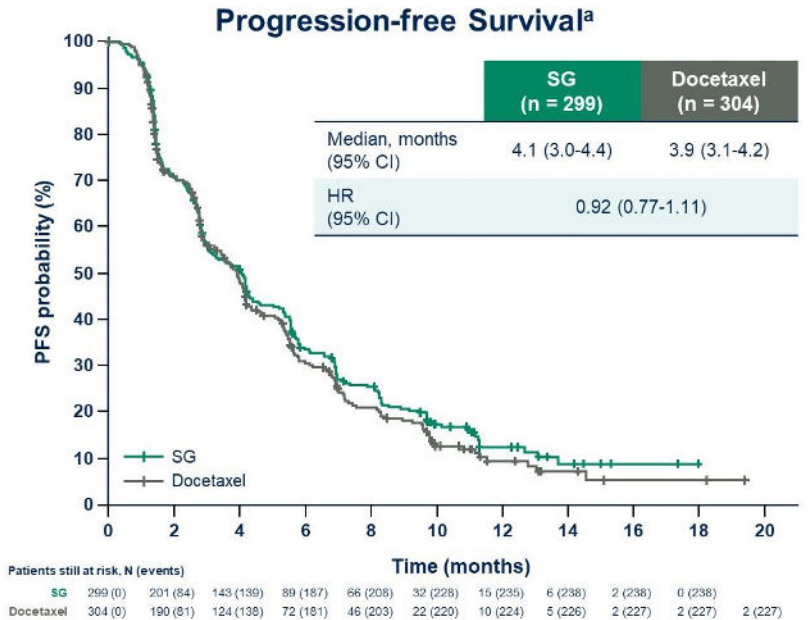
Anticorps conjugués (ADC's)

Sacituzumab Govitecan (anti TROP2)

Primary End Point: Overall Survival (ITT)



Secondary End Points (ITT)





ADC's

Datopotamab Deruxtecan

- Datopotamab : Anti TROP2
- Deruxtecan : Inhibiteur de Topoisomérase I

Key Eligibility Criteria

- NSCLC (stage IIIB, IIIC, or IV)
- ECOG PS of 0 or 1
- No prior docetaxel

Without actionable genomic alterations^a

- 1 or 2 prior lines, including platinum CT and anti-PD-(L)1 mAb therapy

With actionable genomic alterations

- Positive for *EGFR*, *ALK*, *NTRK*, *BRAF*, *ROS1*, *MET* exon 14 skipping, or *RET*
- 1 or 2 prior approved targeted therapies + platinum-based CT, and ≤1 anti-PD-(L)1 mAb

R 1:1

Dato-DXd
 6 mg/kg Q3W
 (N=299)

Docetaxel
 75 mg/m² Q3W
 (N=305)

Stratified by: histology,^b actionable genomic alteration,^c anti-PD-(L)1 mAb included in most recent prior therapy, geography^d

Dual Primary Endpoints

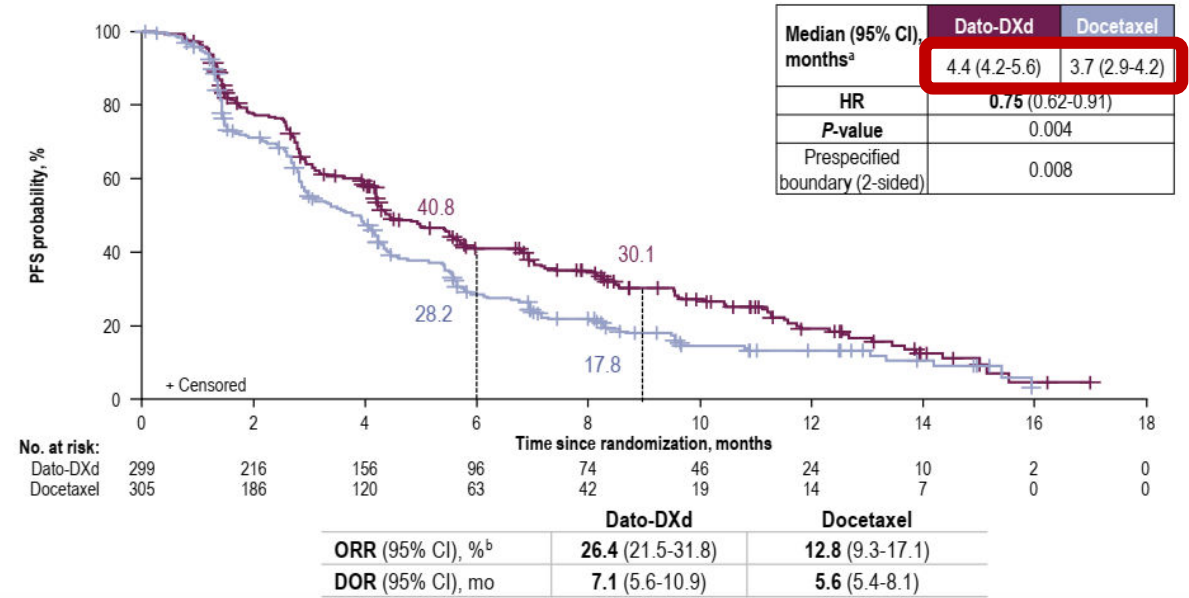
- PFS by BICR
- OS

Secondary Endpoints

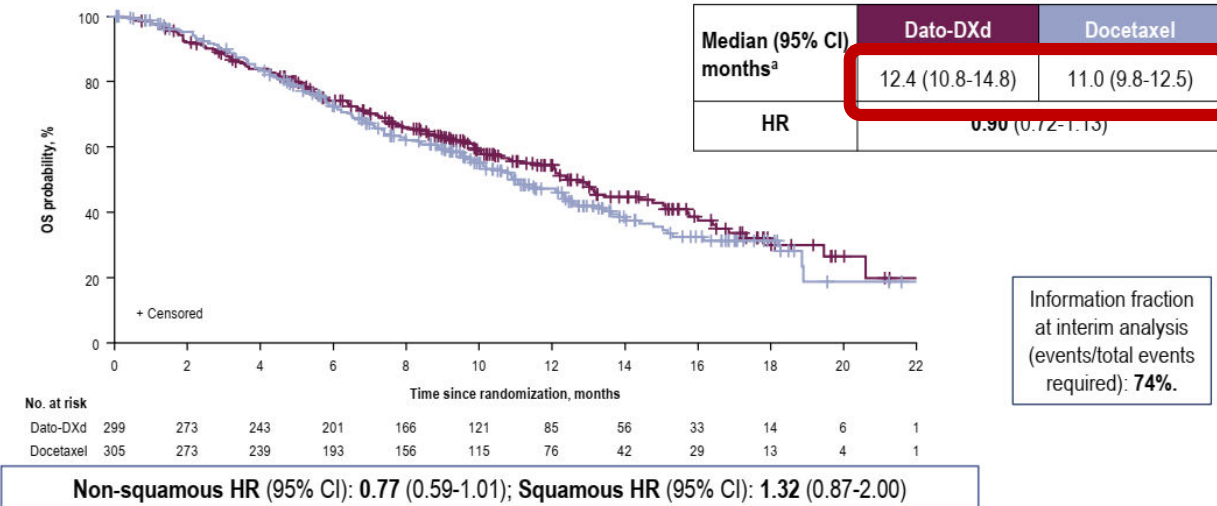
- ORR by BICR
- DOR by BICR
- Safety

Ahn et al ESMO 2023 Abstr LBA12

Progression-Free Survival: ITT



Interim Overall Survival: ITT



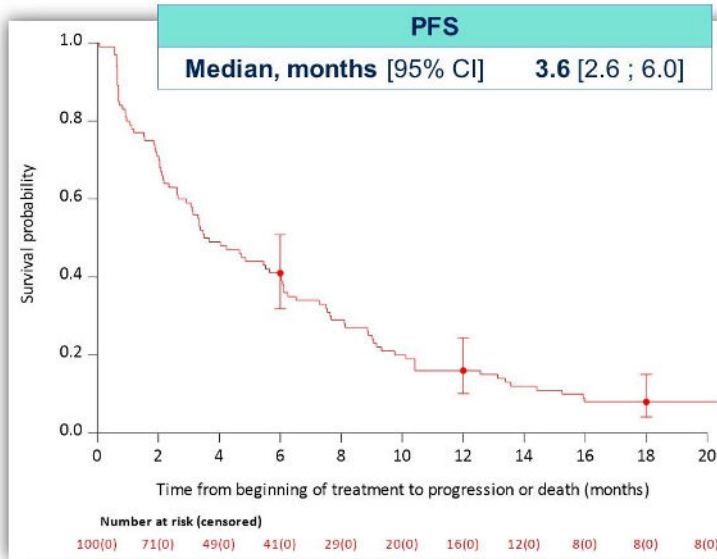
Trial is continuing to final OS analysis



Anticorps conjugués (ADC's)

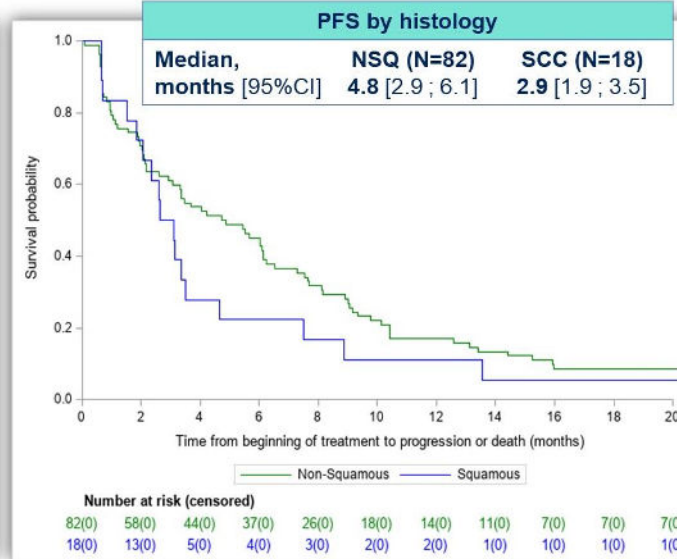
ICARUS : Datopotamab Deruxtecan

PFS: overall population and by histology



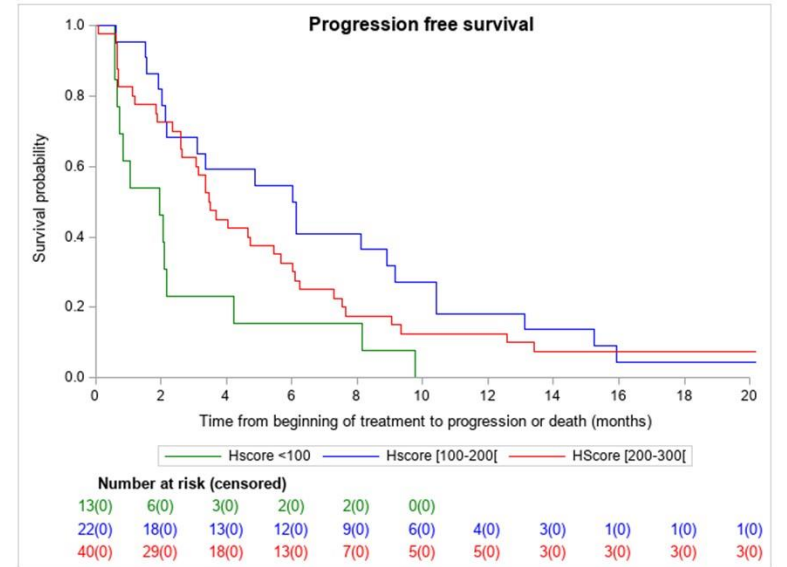
Median follow-up: 21.5 months [95%CI 19.4 ; 23.4]

Regardless of histology



Median PFS by EGFR, BRAFmut, months [95%CI]*
 Present (N=12) 6.8 [0.8 ; 10.4]
 Absent (N=73) 3.3 [2.1 ; 5.7]

TROP2 expression and PFS



TROP2 (H-score)*	<100 (N = 13)	100-200 (N = 22)	≥200 (N = 40)
Median PFS, months [95% CI]	2.0 [0.7 ; 2.2]	6.1 [2.1 ; 9.2]	3.5 [2.6 ; 5.5]
HR** [95% CI]	ref	0.37 [0.18-0.75]	0.50 [0.26-0.94]

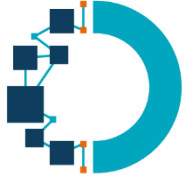
TROP2 (EPR20043) FLA IHC; H-Score: autocalculation of tumor cells staining intensity in the membrane compartment = (1[MEMBRANE 1+]) + (2*[MEMBRANE 2+]) + (3*[MEMBRANE 3+])

**p value = 0.02

Patients with a wide range of TROP2 expression may benefit from Dato-DXd §

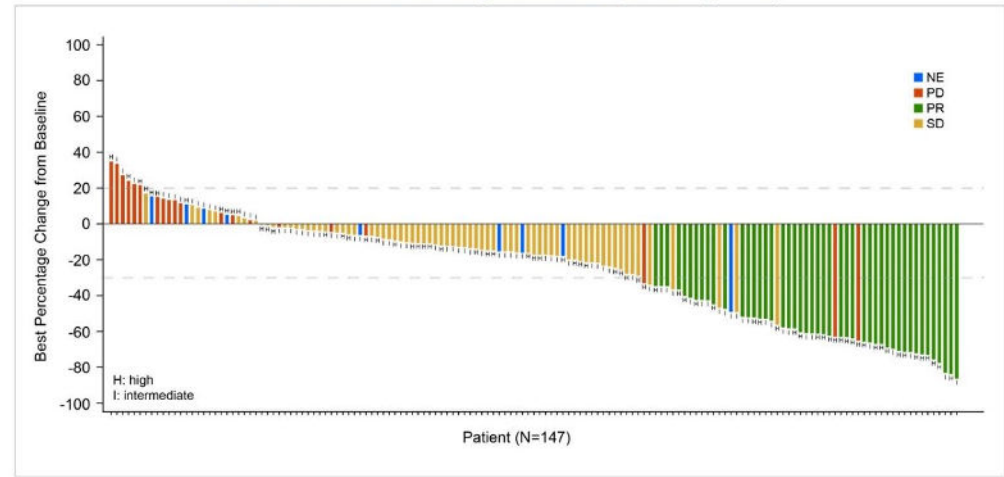
§ No statistically significant association with ORR

Anticorps conjugués (ADC's)



Telisotuzumab Vedotin

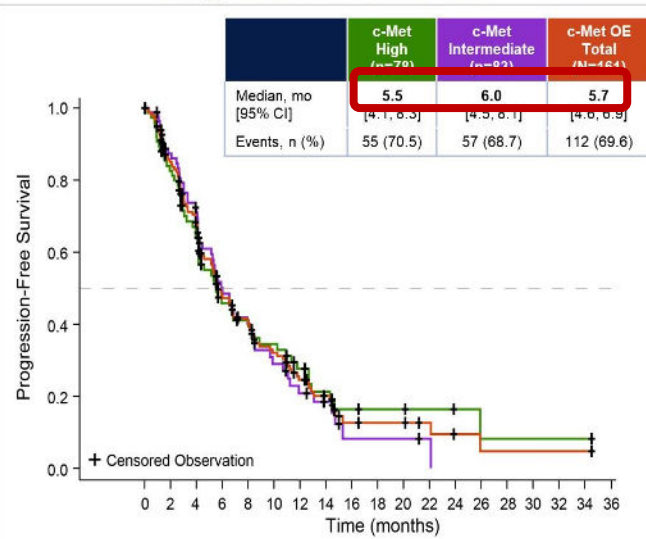
Best Reductions in Target Lesions^a per ICR (n=147)



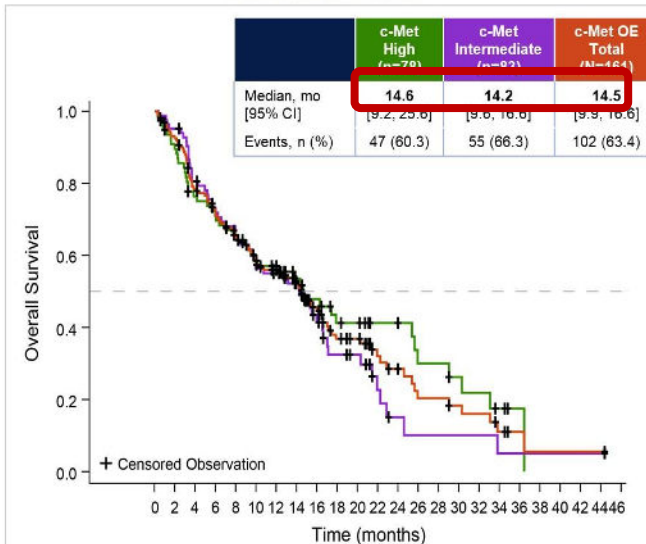
DCR was 60.3% (c-Met high), 57.8% (c-Met intermediate), and 59.0% (c-Met OE total)

Efficacy: Progression-free per ICR and overall survival

Progression-Free Survival



Overall Survival



- Autorisation d'accès précoce
- Carcinome non épidermoïde MET+ en IHC

Camidge ; Abstr 103



Addictions oncogéniques

Mutations

/

Fusions

- EGFR
 - Classiques (del 19, L858R)
 - Non communes (G719x, S768I, L861Q)
 - Ins exon 20
 - Kras (G12C)
 - BRAF (V600)
 - HER2 (exon20)
 - MET (saut d'exon 14)
- ALK
 - ROS1
 - RET
 - NTRK
 - NRG1



Kras (G12C) Adagrasib

KRYSTAL-12^a study design

Key eligibility criteria

- Locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC with KRAS^{G12C} mutation^b
- Prior treatment with platinum-based chemotherapy and anti-PD-(L)1 therapy^c
- ECOG PS 0-1
- Stable brain metastases allowed

Stratified by:

- Region (non-Asia-Pacific vs Asia-Pacific)
- Prior treatment (sequential vs concurrent chemotherapy and immunotherapy)

N = 453
R
2:1

ADA 600 mg BID PO^d

DOCE 75 mg/m² Q3W IV

Crossover from DOCE to ADA was allowed in cases where disease progression per RECIST v1.1 was confirmed by real-time BICR^e

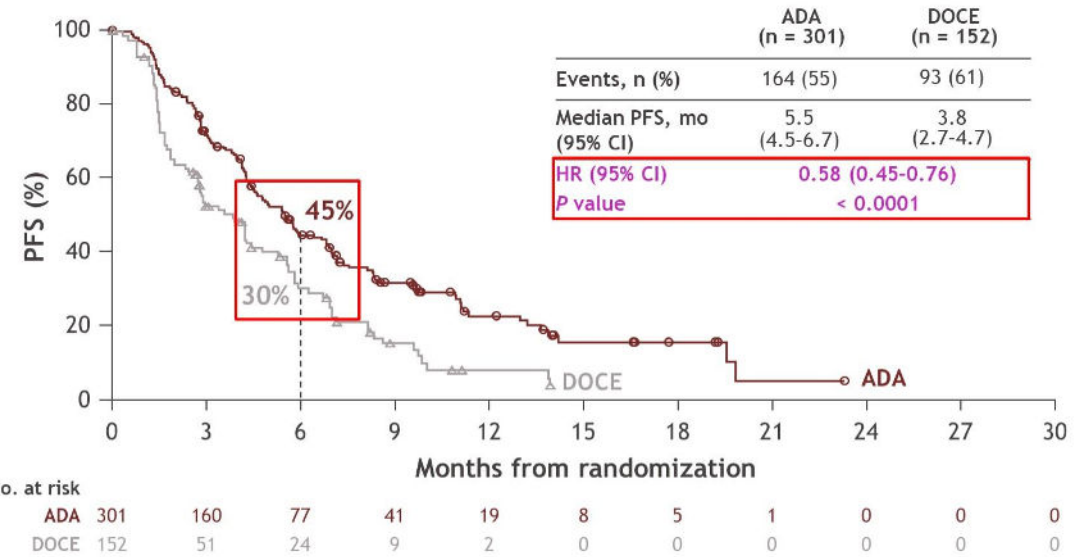
Primary endpoint

- PFS by BICR (RECIST v1.1)

Secondary endpoints

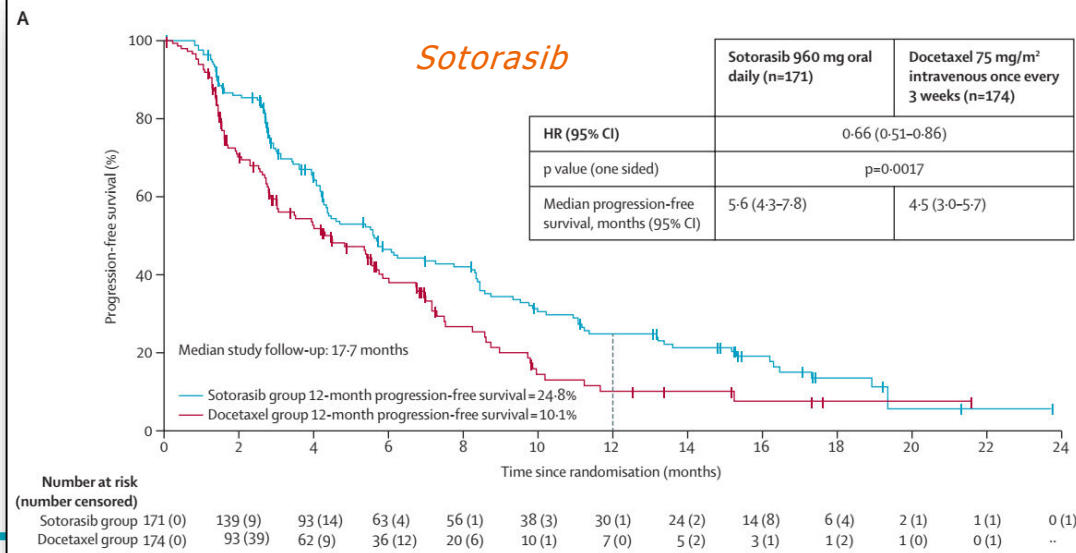
- ORR by BICR (RECIST v1.1)
- DOR
- OS
- Safety
- Patient-reported outcomes

Primary endpoint: PFS^a per BICR



Median follow-up: 7.2 months.

^aTime from randomization to the date of disease progression per BICR or death due to any cause, whichever occurs first. For patients who started a subsequent anticancer therapy prior to disease progression or death, PFS was censored at the date of the last tumor assessment prior to the start of the new therapy.



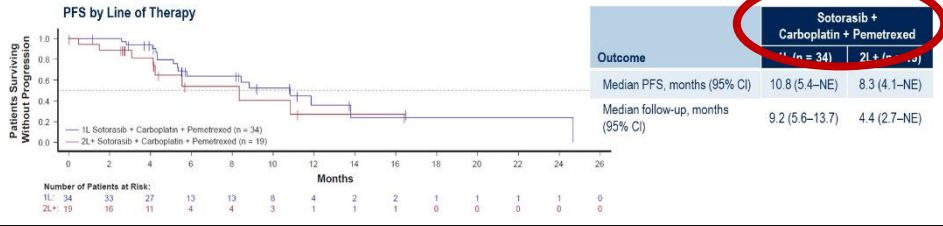


KRas (G12C)

Olomorasib, Divarasib

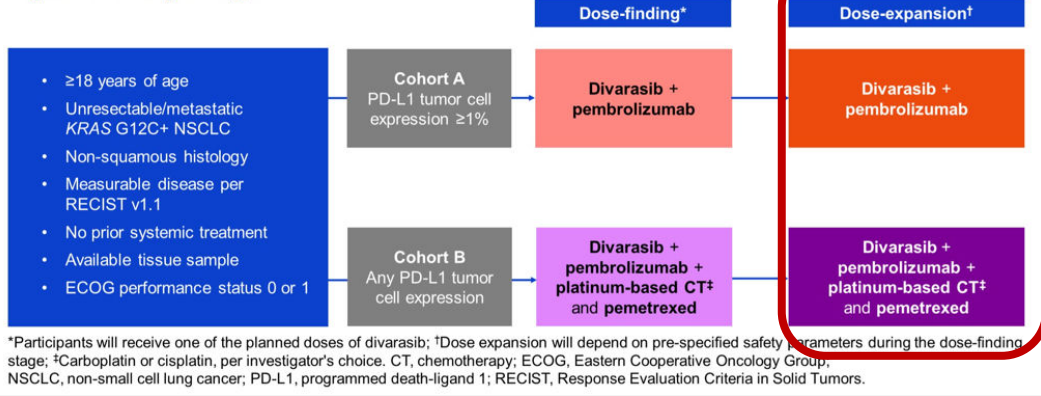
- Dès la 1^{ère} ligne
- Associations avec ICI

Progression-Free Survival*



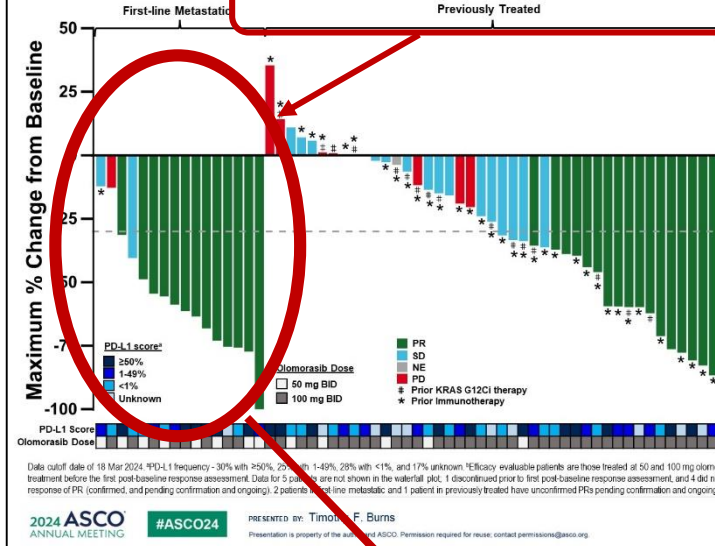
Li ; Abstr 8512

Figure 1. Study design



Skoulidis ; TPS8651

Efficacy of Olomorasib + Pembrolizumab



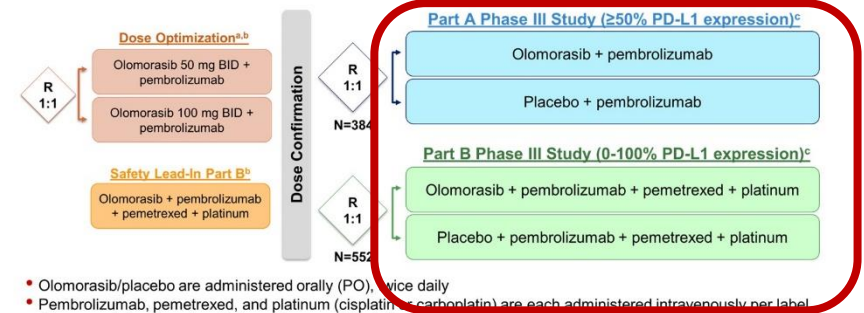
Efficacy Evaluable Patients ^b	First-line Metastatic (N=17)	Previously Treated (N=43)
Objective Response Rate ^a , % (n/N)	77% (13/17)	40% (17/43)
Best overall response		
CR, n (%)	-	-
PR, n (%)	13 (77)	17 (40)
SD, n (%)	2 (12)	18 (42)
PD, n (%)	1 (6)	7 (16)
NE, n (%)	1 (6)	1 (2)
DCR, % (n/N)	88% (15/17)	81% (35/43)

- 81% (35/43) of previously treated patients had received prior immunotherapy
- Median time to response was 1.4 months; median duration of response was NE

SUNRAY-01 Phase 3 Study Design

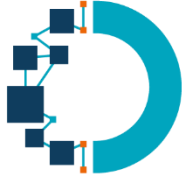
Poster #TPS8649, Poster board 512b
Monday, June 3, 1:30 - 4:30 PM

SUNRAY-01 is a pivotal, global, phase 3 study in 1L advanced KRAS G12C-mutated NSCLC (NCT06119581)



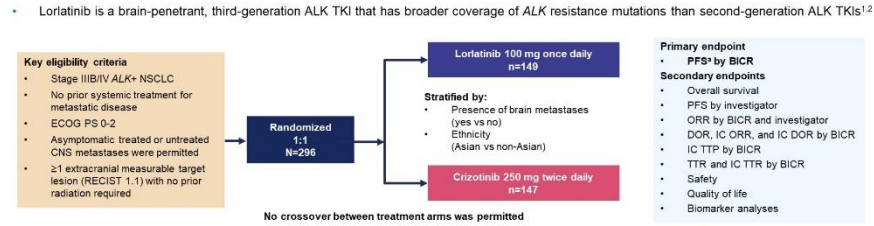
- Olomorasib/placebo are administered orally (PO), twice daily
- Pembrolizumab, pemetrexed, and platinum (cisplatin or carboplatin) are each administered intravenously per label
- After completing 4 cycles of chemotherapy without disease progression, patients will receive maintenance therapy with olomorasib/placebo, pembrolizumab and pemetrexed
- *Participants should be suitable for pembrolizumab monotherapy
- †PD-L1 expression 0-100%, N=40 for each study part (randomized Dose Optimization and Safety Lead-in Part B)
- ‡Participants with PD-L1 ≥50% are eligible to be enrolled to Part A or Part B at the discretion of the investigator

Suk Heist ; Abstr 3007 www.onco-nouvelle-aquitaine.fr



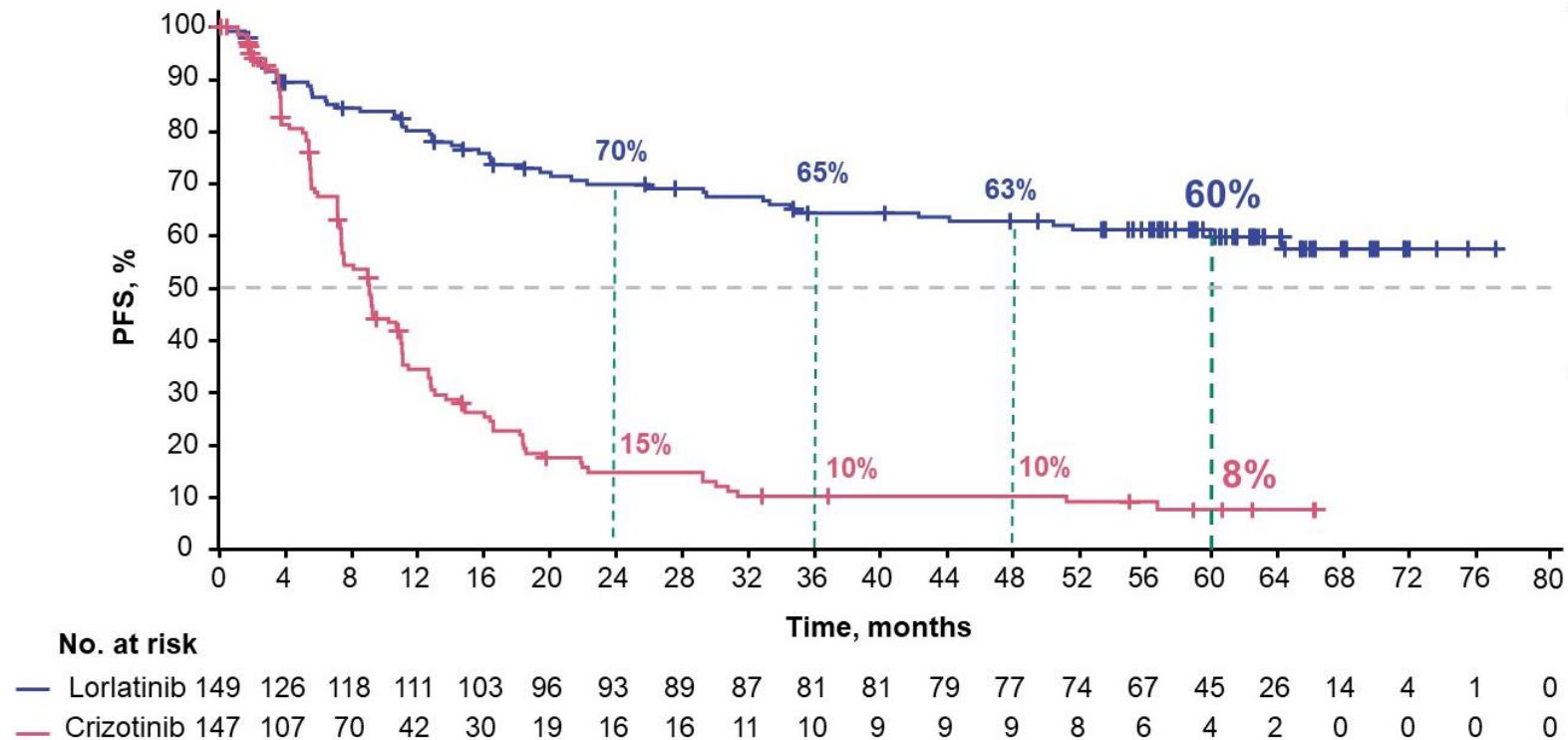
ALK Lorlatinib

CROWN: A Randomized Global Phase 3 Study



Solomon ; LBA8503

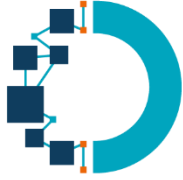
At 60.2 Months of Median Follow-Up, Median PFS by Investigator Was Still Not Reached With Lorlatinib



	Lorlatinib (n=149)	Crizotinib (n=147)
Events, n	55	115
PFS, median (95% CI), months	NR (64.3-NR)	9.1 (7.4-10.9)
HR (95% CI)	0.19 (0.13-0.27)	

At the time of this analysis, the required number of OS events for a protocol-specified second interim analysis **has not been reached**. OS follow up is ongoing

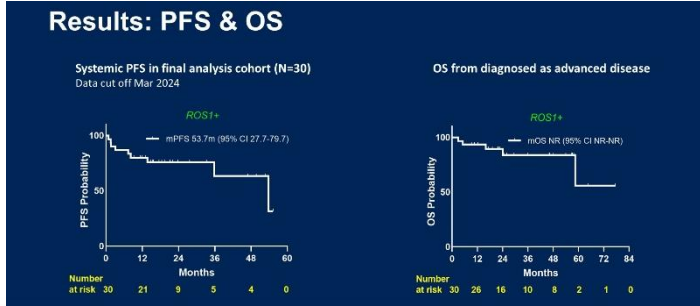
HR, hazard ratio; NR, not reached; OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival.



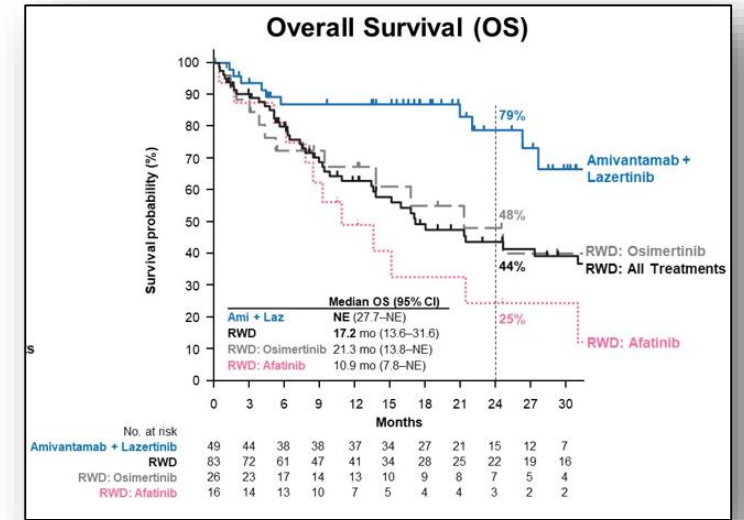
Additions oncogéniques

En vrac

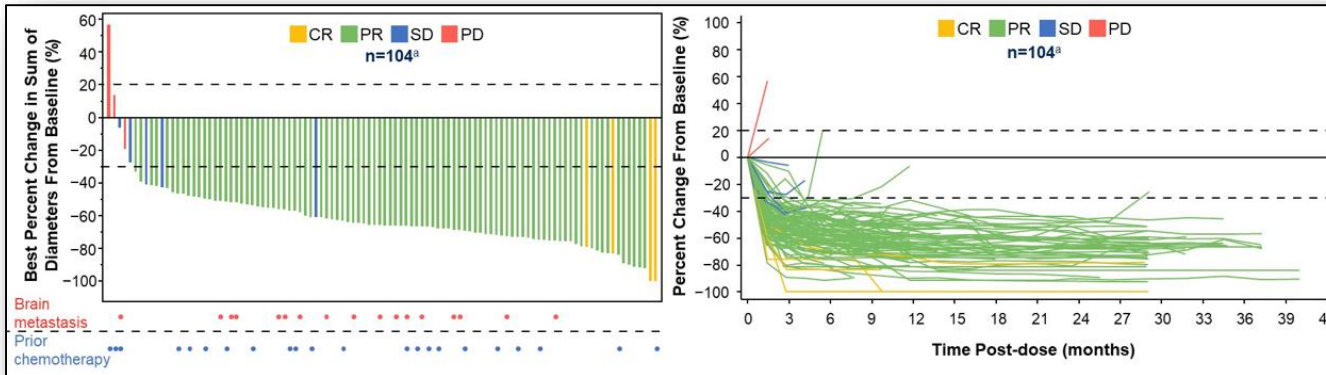
Results: PFS & OS



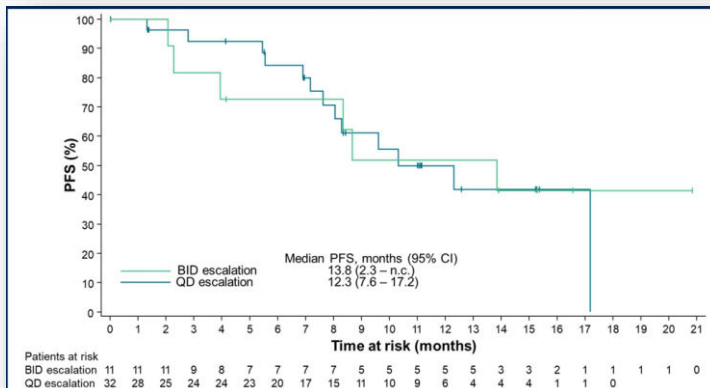
Lorlatinib ROS1 (Ahn ; 8519)



Amivantamab Lazertinib EGFR mutations non communes (Chul Cho ; 8516)



Taletrectinib ROS1 (Li ; 8520)



Zongertinib HER2 (et NRG1 ?) (Heymach ; 8514)

Sunvozertinib EGFRex20 (Yang ; 8513)

